

SEB SICAV 2

Société anonyme - société d'investissement à capital variable

Siège Social: 4, rue Peternelchen

L-2370 Howald

R.C.S. Luxembourg B31136

- The company has been incorporated under the name of “**BEIJER CAPITAL SELECTION**” pursuant a deed of **Maître Marc ELTER**, then notary with residence in Luxembourg, on August 22nd, 1989.
- The articles of incorporation have been amended:
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Edmond SCHROEDER**, then notary with residence in Mersch, on April 21st, 1992.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Edmond SCHROEDER**, then notary with residence in Mersch, on April 19th, 1993.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Joseph GLODEN**, then notary with residence in Grevenmacher, on November 10th, 1999.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Henri HELLINCKX**, notary then with residence in Mersch, on September 23rd, 2005.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Joseph GLODEN**, then notary with residence in Grevenmacher, on August 28th, 2006.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Henri HELLINCKX**, notary with residence in Luxembourg, on December 29th, 2011.
 - pursuant to a deed of **Maître Cosita DELVAUX**, notary with residence in Luxembourg, on February 28th, 2018. (Restatement of the articles)

STATUTES AS ON FEBRUARY 28th, 2019

Title I - Name - Registered Office - Duration - Purpose

Art. 1. Name

There exists among the subscribers and all those who may become owners of shares hereafter issued, a public limited company (*société anonyme*) qualifying as an investment company with variable share capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable*) under the name of **SEB SICAV 2** (hereinafter the "**Company**").

Art. 2. Registered office

The registered office of the Company is established in Howald (municipality of Hesperange), Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. It may be transferred within the same municipality or to any other municipality in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg by means of a decision of the Board of Directors (as defined in article 13 hereof). In such a case, the Board of Directors is authorized to amend these articles of incorporation (the "**Articles**") accordingly. The Company may further establish branches, subsidiaries or other offices either in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg or abroad (but in no event in the United States of America, its territories or possessions) by a decision of the Board of Directors.

In the event that the Board of Directors determines that extraordinary political or military events have occurred or are imminent which would interfere with the normal activities of the Company at its registered office or with the ease of communication between such office and persons abroad, the registered office may be temporarily transferred abroad until the complete cessation of these abnormal circumstances; such provisional measures shall have no effect on the nationality of the Company which, notwithstanding such temporary transfer, shall remain a Luxembourg corporation.

Art. 3. Duration

The Company is established for an unlimited period of time.

Art. 4. Purpose

The exclusive purpose of the Company is to invest the funds available to it in transferable securities and other liquid financial assets permitted by law with the aim of spreading investment risks and affording its shareholders (the "**Shareholders**") the results of the management of its assets.

The Company may take any measures and carry out any transaction which it may deem useful for the fulfilment and development of its purpose to the largest extent permitted under Part I of the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 relating to

undertakings for collective investment (the “**Law of 2010**”).

Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Net Asset Value

Art. 5. Share Capital - Classes of Shares

The capital of the Company shall be represented by fully paid up shares of no par value (the “**Shares**”) and shall at any time be equal to the total net assets of the Company pursuant to article 11 hereof. The minimum capital shall be as provided by law, i.e. the counter value in SEK of one million two hundred and fifty thousand euro (EUR 1,250,000.-).

The Shares to be issued pursuant to article 7 hereof may, as the Board of Directors shall determine, be of different classes (each a “**Class**” and together the “**Classes**”), so as to correspond to (i) a specific sales and redemption charge structure and/or (ii) a specific management or advisory fee structure and/or (iii) different distribution, Shareholders servicing or other fees and/or (iv) different types of targeted Investors and/or (v) such other features as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time.

The proceeds of the issue of each Class of Shares shall be invested in transferable securities of any kind, money market instruments, and other liquid financial assets permitted by law pursuant to the investment policy determined by the Board of Directors for each Sub-Fund (as defined hereinafter) established in respect of the relevant Class or Classes of Shares, subject to the investment restrictions provided by law or determined by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors shall establish a portfolio of assets constituting a sub-fund (each a “**Sub-Fund**” and together the “**Sub-Funds**”) within the meaning of article 181 of the Law of 2010 for one Class of Shares or for multiple Classes of Shares in the manner described in article 11 hereof. The Company constitutes a single legal entity. However, as is the case among Shareholders, each portfolio of assets shall be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Class or Classes of Shares. With regard to third parties, each Sub-Fund shall be exclusively responsible for all liabilities attributable to it.

The Board of Directors may create each Sub-Fund for an unlimited or limited period of time; in the latter case, the Board of Directors may, at the expiry of the initial period of time, prorogue the duration of the relevant Sub-Fund once or several times. At the expiry of the duration of a Sub-Fund, the Company shall redeem all the Shares

in the relevant Class or Classes, in accordance with article 8 below, notwithstanding the provisions of article 26 below.

The Board of Directors may, at any time it deems appropriate and to the widest extent permitted by applicable Luxembourg laws and regulations, but in accordance with the provisions set forth in the prospectus of the Company (the "**Prospectus**"), (i) create any Sub-Fund qualifying either as a feeder undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (a "**Feeder UCITS**") or as a master undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (a "**Master UCITS**"), (ii) convert any existing Sub-Fund into a Feeder UCITS fund or (iii) change the Master UCITS of any Feeder UCITS fund.

At each prorogation of a Sub-Fund, the Shareholders shall be duly notified in writing, by a notice sent to their registered address as recorded in the Company's Shareholders' Register (as defined in article 6 hereof). The sales documents for the Shares shall indicate the duration of each Sub-Fund and, if appropriate, its prorogation.

For the purpose of determining the capital of the Company, the net assets attributable to each Class of Shares shall, if not expressed in Swedish Krona (SEK), be converted into SEK and the capital shall be the total of the net assets of all the Classes of Shares.

Art. 6. Form of Shares

1. Shares shall be issued in registered form only.

- Ownership of Shares shall be evidenced by the entry in the register of Shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders' Register**"), which shall be kept by the Company or by one or more persons designated thereto by the Company, and which shall contain the name of each owner of record of Shares, its residence or elected domicile as indicated to the Company, the number of Shares held by such owner of record and the amount paid up on each of such Shares. The Company shall decide whether a certificate ("**Share Certificate**") for such inscription shall be delivered to the Shareholder or whether the Shareholder shall receive a written confirmation of its shareholding.

- The Share Certificates, if applicable, shall be signed by two directors. Such signatures shall be either manual, or printed, or in facsimile. However, one of such signatures may be made by a person duly authorised thereto by the Board of Directors; in the latter case, it shall be manual. The Company may issue temporary share

certificates in such form as the Board of Directors may determine.

2. Transfer of Shares shall be effected (i) if Share Certificates have been issued, upon delivering said Share Certificate(s) representing such Shares to the Company along with other instruments of transfer required by the Company and (ii) if no Share Certificates have been issued, by a written declaration of transfer to be inscribed in the Shareholders' Register, dated and signed by the transferor and transferee, or by persons holding suitable powers of attorney to act therefore. Any transfer of Shares shall be entered into the Shareholders' Register; such inscription shall be signed by one or more directors or officers of the Company or by one or more other persons duly authorized thereto by the Board of Directors. The Company may also accept as evidence of transfer other instruments of transfer which the Company, at its sole discretion, deems satisfactory.

3. Shareholders entitled to receive Shares shall provide the Company with an address and/or e-mail address to which all notices and announcements may be sent. Such address will also be entered into the Shareholders' Register. The Shareholder shall be responsible for ensuring that its details, including its address and/or email address is kept up to date and shall bear any and all responsibility should any contact details be out of date, incorrect or invalid.

In the event that a Shareholder does not provide an address, the Company may permit a notice to this effect to be entered into the Shareholders' Register and such Shareholder's address will be deemed to be at the registered office of the Company, or at such other address as may be so entered into by the Company from time to time, until another address shall be provided to the Company by such Shareholder. A Shareholder may, at any time, change the address as entered into the Shareholders' Register by means of a written notification to the Company at its registered office, or at such other address as may be set by the Company from time to time.

4. If Share Certificates are issued and if any Shareholder can prove to the satisfaction of the Company that the Shareholder's Share Certificate has been mislaid, mutilated or destroyed, then, at the Shareholder's request, a duplicate share certificate may be issued under such conditions and guarantees, including but not restricted to a bond issued by an insurance company, as the Company may determine. At the issuance of the new Share Certificate, on which it shall be recorded that it is a duplicate, the original Share Certificate in replacement of which the new one has been

issued shall become void.

Mutilated Share Certificates may be cancelled by the Company and replaced by new Share Certificates.

The Company may, at its election, charge to the Shareholder the costs of a duplicate or of a new Share Certificate and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Company in connection with the issue and registration thereof or in connection with the annulment of the original Share Certificate.

5. The Company recognizes only one single owner per Share. If one or more Shares are jointly owned or if the ownership of Shares is disputed, all persons claiming a right to such Share(s) have to appoint one single attorney to represent such Share(s) towards the Company. The failure to appoint such attorney implies a suspension of the exercise of all rights attached to such Share(s).

6. The Company may decide to issue fractional shares. Such fractional shares shall not be entitled to vote but shall be entitled to participate in the net assets attributable to the relevant Class of Shares on a pro rata basis.

Art. 7. Issue of Shares

The Board of Directors is authorised without limitation to issue an unlimited number of fully paid up Shares at any time without reserving to the existing Shareholders a preferential or pre-emptive right to subscribe for the Shares to be issued.

The Board of Directors may impose restrictions on the frequency at which Shares shall be issued in any Class of Shares; the Board of Directors may, in particular, decide that Shares of any Class shall only be issued during one or more offering periods or at such other periodicity as provided for in the sales documents for the Shares of the Company.

Whenever the Company offers Shares for subscription, the price per Share at which such Shares are offered shall be the net asset value ("**Net Asset Value**") per Share of the relevant Class as determined in compliance with article 11 hereof as of such Valuation Date (defined in article 12 hereof) as is determined in accordance with such policy as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine. Such price may be increased by a percentage estimate of costs and expenses to be incurred by the Company when investing the proceeds of the issue and by applicable sales commissions, as approved from time to time by the Board of Directors. The price so

determined shall be payable within a period as determined by the Board of Directors which shall not exceed five (5) Luxembourg bank business days from the relevant Valuation Date.

The Board of Directors may delegate to any director, manager, officer or other duly authorised agent the power to accept subscriptions, to receive payment of the price of the new Shares to be issued and to deliver them.

The Board of Directors may reject subscription requests in whole or in part at its full discretion.

The Company may agree to issue Shares as consideration for a contribution in kind of securities, in compliance with the conditions set forth by Luxembourg law, in particular the obligation to deliver a valuation report from the auditor of the Company (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*) and provided that such securities comply with the investment objectives and policies of the relevant Sub-Fund. The Board of Directors may decide whether the transaction costs of any contribution in kind of securities will be borne by the relevant Shareholder or the Company.

Art. 8. Redemption of Shares

Any Shareholder may require the redemption of all or part of his Shares by the Company on a Valuation Date, under the terms, conditions and procedures set forth by the Board of Directors in the sales documents for the Shares and within the limits provided by law and these Articles.

The redemption price per Share shall be paid within a period as determined by the Board of Directors which shall not exceed ten (10) Luxembourg bank business days from the relevant Valuation Date, as is determined in accordance with such policy as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine, provided that the Share Certificates, if any, and the transfer documents have been received by the Company.

The redemption price shall be equal to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class, as determined in accordance with the provisions of article 11 hereof, less such charges and commissions or deferred sales charges (if any) at the rate provided by the sales documents for the Shares. The relevant redemption price may be rounded up or down to the nearest unit of the relevant currency as the Board of Directors shall determine.

If as a result of any request for redemption, the number or the aggregate Net Asset Value of the Shares held by any Shareholder in any Class of Shares would fall

below such number or such value as determined by the Board of Directors, then the Company may decide that this request be treated as a request for redemption for the full balance of such Shareholder's holding of Shares in such Class.

Further, if on any given Valuation Date, redemption requests pursuant to this article and conversion requests pursuant to article 9 hereof exceed a certain level determined by the Board of Directors in relation to the number of Shares in issue in a specific Class, the Board of Directors may decide that part or all of such requests for redemption or conversion will be deferred for a period and in a manner that the Board of Directors considers to be in the best interest of the Company. On the next Valuation Date, following that period, these redemption and conversion requests will be met in priority to later requests.

The Company shall have the right, if the Board of Directors so determines, to satisfy payment of the redemption price to any Shareholder, who requests, in kind by allocating to the holder investments from the portfolio of assets set up in connection with such Class or Classes of Shares equal in value (calculated in the manner described in article 11) as of the Valuation Date, on which the redemption price is calculated, to the value of the Shares to be redeemed. The nature and type of assets to be transferred in such case shall be determined on a fair and reasonable basis and without prejudicing the interests of the other holders of Shares of the relevant Class or Classes of Shares and the valuation used shall be confirmed by a special report of the auditor of the Company. Shareholders will have to bear costs incurred by redemption in kind (mainly costs resulting from the drawing-up of the auditor's report) unless the Company considers that the redemption in kind is in its interest or made to protect its interests.

Art. 9. Conversion of Shares

Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors for certain Classes of Shares, any Shareholder is entitled to require the conversion of whole or part of its Shares of one Class within a Sub-Fund into Shares of the same Class within another Sub-Fund or into Shares of another Class within the same or another Sub-Fund, subject to such restrictions as to the terms, conditions and payment of such charges and commissions as the Board of Directors shall determine.

The price for the conversion of Shares from one class into another Class shall be computed by reference to the respective Net Asset Value of the two (2) Classes of

Shares, calculated on the relevant Valuation Date. If the Valuation Date of the Class of Shares or Sub-Fund taken into account for the conversion does not coincide with the Valuation Date of the Class of Shares or Sub-Fund into which they shall be converted, the Board of Directors may decide that the amount converted will not generate interest during the time separating the two (2) Valuation Dates.

If as a result of any request for conversion the number or the aggregate Net Asset Value of the shares held by any shareholder in any Class of Shares would fall below such number or such value as determined by the Board of Directors, then the Company may decide that this request be treated as a request for conversion for the full balance of such Shareholder's holding of Shares in such Class.

The Shares which have been converted into shares of another class shall be cancelled.

Art. 10. Restrictions on ownership of Shares

The Company may restrict or prevent the ownership of shares in the Company by any person, firm or corporate body, if in the opinion of the Company such holding may be detrimental to the Company, if it may result in a breach of any law or regulation, whether Luxembourg or foreign, or if as a result thereof the Company may become exposed to tax disadvantages or other financial disadvantages that it would not have otherwise incurred (such persons, firms or corporate bodies to be determined by the Board of Directors being herein referred to as "**Prohibited Persons**").

For such purposes the Company may:

A. decline to issue any Shares and decline to register any transfer of a Share, where it appears to it that such registry or transfer would or might result in legal or beneficial ownership of such Shares by a Prohibited Person; and

B. at any time require any person whose name is entered in, or any person seeking to register the transfer of Shares on the Shareholders' Register, to furnish it with any information, supported by affidavit, which it may consider necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not beneficial ownership of such Shareholder's Shares rests in a Prohibited Person, or whether such registry will result in beneficial ownership of such Shares by a Prohibited Person; and

C. decline to accept the vote of any Prohibited Person at any meeting of Shareholders of the Company; and

D. where it appears to the Company that any Prohibited Person either alone

or in conjunction with any other person is a beneficial owner of Shares, direct such Shareholder to sell its Shares and to provide to the Company evidence of the sale within fifteen (15) days' of the notice. If such Shareholder fails to comply with the direction, the Company will compulsorily redeem or cause to be redeemed from any such Shareholder all Shares held by such Shareholder.

The price at which each such Share is to be redeemed (the "**redemption price**") shall be an amount based on the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as at the Valuation Date, specified by the Board of Directors for the redemption of Shares in the Company, all as determined in accordance with article 8 hereof, less any service charge provided therein.

Payment of the redemption price will be made available to the former owner of such Shares normally in the currency fixed by the Board of Directors for the payment of the redemption price of the Shares of the relevant Class and will be deposited for payment to such owner by the Company with a bank in Luxembourg or elsewhere (as specified in the purchase notice) upon final determination of the redemption price following, if applicable, surrender of the Share Certificate or Share Certificates specified in such notice and unmatured dividend coupons attached thereto, if any. Upon service of the notice as aforesaid, if applicable, such former owner shall have no further interest in such Shares or any of them, nor any claim against the Company or its assets in respect thereof, except the right to receive the redemption price (without interest) from such bank following effective surrender of the Share Certificate or Share Certificates as aforesaid. Any redemption proceeds receivable by a Shareholder under this paragraph, but not collected within a period of five (5) years from the date specified in the notice, may not thereafter be claimed and shall revert to the relevant Class or Classes of Shares. The Board of Directors shall have power from time to time to take all steps necessary to perfect such reversion and to authorise such action on behalf of the Company.

The exercise by the Company of the power conferred by this article shall not be questioned or invalidated in any case, on the ground that there was insufficient evidence of ownership of shares by any person or that the true ownership of any Shares was otherwise than appeared to the Company at the date of any notice, provided in such case the said powers were exercised by the Company in good faith.

U.S. Persons as defined in this article may constitute a specific category of

Prohibited Person.

The Shares of the Company are not registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the “**1933 Act**”) or the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “**1940 Act**”) or any other applicable legislation in the United States. Accordingly, Shares of the Company may not be offered, sold, resold, transferred or delivered directly or indirectly, in the United States, its territories or possessions or any area subject to its jurisdiction (collectively, the “**United States**” or the “**US**”) or to, or for the account of, or benefit of, any “**US Person**” as defined in the 1933 Act or any applicable United States regulation, except to certain qualified purchasers under exemptions from registration requirements of the 1940 Act.

Applicants for the purchase of the Company’s Shares will be required to certify that they are not US Persons. Holders of Shares are required to notify the Company of any change in their non-US Person status.

The Company may refuse to issue Shares to US Persons or to register any transfer of Shares to any US Person. Moreover the Company may at any time forcibly redeem the Shares held by a US Person.

In addition to the foregoing, the Board of Directors may restrict the issue and transfer of Shares of a Class of Shares or of a compartment to institutional investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law (“**Institutional Investors**”). The Board of Directors may, at its discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription application for Shares of a Class of Shares or of a compartment reserved for Institutional Investors until such time as the Company has received sufficient evidence that the applicant qualifies as an Institutional Investor. If it appears at any time that a holder of Shares of a Class of Shares or of a compartment restricted to Institutional Investors is not an Institutional Investor, the Board of Directors will convert the relevant Shares into Shares of a Class of Shares or of a compartment which is not restricted to Institutional Investors (provided that there exists such a Class of Shares or compartment with similar characteristics but for the avoidance of doubt, not necessarily in terms of fees and expenses payable by such Class of Shares) or compulsorily redeem the relevant Shares in accordance with the provisions set forth above in this article. The Board of Directors will refuse to give effect to any transfer of Shares and consequently refuse for any transfer of Shares to be entered into the shareholders’ register in circumstances where such transfer would result in a situation where Shares

of a Class of Shares or of a compartment to Institutional Investors would, upon such transfer, be held by a person not qualifying as an Institutional Investor. In addition to any liability under applicable law, each Shareholder which does not qualify as an Institutional Investor, and which holds Shares in a Class of Shares restricted to Institutional Investors, shall hold harmless and indemnify the Company, the Board of Directors, the other Shareholders of the relevant Class of Shares and the Company's agents for any damages, losses and expenses resulting from or connected to such holding, in circumstances where the relevant Shareholder had furnished misleading or untrue documentation or had made misleading or untrue representations to wrongfully establish its status as an Institutional Investor or had failed to notify the Company of its loss of that status.

Art. 11. Calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares shall be calculated in the Reference Currency (as defined in the sales documents for the Shares) of the relevant Sub-Funds and, to the extent applicable within a Sub-Fund, expressed in the currency of quotation for the Class of Shares. It shall be determined as of any Valuation Date by dividing the net assets of the relevant Sub-Fund attributable to each Class of Shares, being the value of the portion of assets less the portion of liabilities attributable to such class, on any such Valuation Date by the number of Shares in the relevant Class then outstanding, in accordance with the valuation rules set forth below and adjusted to reflect any dealing charges, dilution levies, swing pricing technique or fiscal charges which the Board of Directors considers appropriate to take into account. The Net Asset Value per Share may be rounded up or down to the nearest unit of the relevant currency as the Board of Directors shall determine. If since the time of determination of the Net Asset Value there has been a material change in the quotations in the markets on which a substantial portion of the investments attributable to the relevant Class of Shares are dealt in or quoted, the Company may, in order to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Company, cancel the first valuation and carry out a second valuation, in which case all relevant subscription and redemption requests will be dealt with on the basis of that second valuation.

The valuation of the Net Asset Value of the different Classes of Shares shall be made in the following manner:

1. The assets of the Company shall include:

- a. all cash in hand or receivable or on deposit, including accrued interest;
- b. all bills and notes payable on demand and any amounts due to the relevant Sub-Fund (including the proceeds of securities sold but not yet collected);
- c. all securities, shares, bonds, debentures, options or subscription rights and any other investments and securities belonging to the Company;
- d. all dividends and distributions due to the Company in cash or in kind to the extent known to the Company;
- e. all accrued interest on any interest bearing assets held by the Company except to the extent that such interest is comprised in the principal thereof;
- f. the preliminary expenses of the Company including the cost of issuing and distributing shares of the Company, as far as the same have not been written off; and
- g. all other permitted assets of any kind and nature including prepaid expenses.

The value of such assets shall be determined as follows:

- Transferable securities and money market instruments, which are officially listed on the stock exchange, are valued at the last available price;

- Transferable securities and money market instruments, which are not officially listed on a stock exchange, but which are traded on another regulated market are valued at a price no lower than the bid price and no higher than the ask price at the time of the valuation and at which the Company considers to be an appropriate market price;

- Transferable securities and money market instruments quoted or traded on several markets are valued on the basis of the last available price of the principal market for the transferable securities or money market instruments in question, unless these prices are not representative;

- In the event that such prices are not in line with market condition, or for securities and money market instruments other than those covered in a), b) and c) above for which there are no fixed prices, these securities and money market instruments, as well as other assets, will be valued at the current market value as determined in good faith by the Company, following generally accepted valuation principles verifiable by auditors;

- Liquid assets are valued at their nominal value plus accrued interest;

- Time deposits may be valued at their yield value if a contract exists between the

Company and the Depositary (as defined in article 29 hereof) stipulating that these time deposits can be withdrawn at any time and their yield value is equal to the realized value;

- All assets denominated in a different currency to the respective Sub-Fund's currency are converted into this respective Sub-Fund's currency at the last available exchange rate;

- Financial instruments which are not traded on the futures exchanges or on a regulated market are valued at their settlement value, as stipulated by the Company's Board of Directors in accordance with generally accepted principles, taking into consideration the principles of proper accounting, the customary practices in line with the market, and the interests of the shareholders, provided that the above-mentioned principles correspond with generally accepted valuation regulations which can be verified by the independent auditors;

- Swaps are valued on a marked-to-market basis;

- Units or shares of undertakings for collective investments (UCIs) and undertakings for collective investments in transferable securities ("UCITS") are valued at the last available net asset value;

- In case of extraordinary circumstances, which make the valuation in accordance with the above-mentioned criteria impossible or improper, the Company is authorised to temporarily follow other valuation regulations in good faith and which are according to the verifiable valuation regulations laid down by the independent auditors in order to achieve a proper valuation of the respective Sub-Fund's assets.

The Directors are authorized to apply other appropriate valuation principles for the assets of the Sub-Fund if the aforesaid valuation methods appear impossible or inappropriate due to extraordinary circumstances or events.

2. The liabilities of the Company shall include:

- a. all loans, bills and accounts payable;

- b. all known liabilities, due or not yet due including all matured contractual obligations for payments of money or property, including the amount of all dividends declared by the Company for which no coupons have been presented and which therefore remain unpaid until the day these dividends revert to the Company by prescription;

- c. all reserves authorized and approved by the Board of Directors,

especially those set aside to face a potential depreciation of the Company's investments;

d. any other liabilities of the Company of whatever kind and nature reflected in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In determining the amount of such liabilities, the Company may take into account all costs and expenses payable by the Company, including, without any limitation the management fee, bank or broker expenses charged for the selling or buying of assets, fees on transfers in relation to the redemptions of shares, and the *taxe d'abonnement*.

3. The assets shall be allocated as follows:

The Board of Directors shall establish a Sub-Fund in respect of each Class of Shares and may establish a Sub-Fund in respect of multiple Classes of Shares in the following manner:

a. If multiple Classes of Shares relate to one Sub-Fund, the assets attributable to such classes shall be commonly invested pursuant to the specific investment policy of the Sub-Fund concerned provided however, that within a Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors is empowered to define Classes of Shares so as to correspond to (i) a specific distribution policy, such as entitling to distributions or not entitling to distributions and/or (ii) a specific sales and redemption charge structure and/or (iii) a specific management or advisory fee structure, and/or (iv) a specific assignment of distribution, shareholder services or other fees and/or (v) the currency or currency unit in which the class may be quoted and based on the rate of exchange between such currency or currency unit and the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund and/or (vi) the use of different hedging techniques in order to protect in the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund the assets and returns quoted in the currency of the relevant Class of Shares against long-term movements of their currency of quotation and/or (vii) such other features as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time in compliance with applicable law;

b. The proceeds to be received from the issue of Shares of a Class shall be applied in the books of the Company to the relevant Class or Classes of Shares issued in respect of such Sub-Fund;

c. The assets, liabilities, income and expenditure attributable to a Sub-Fund shall be applied to the class or Classes of Shares issued in respect of such Sub-Fund, subject to the provisions here above under (a);

d. Where any asset is derived from another asset, such derivative asset shall be attributable in the books of the Company to the same Class or Classes of Shares as the assets from which it was derived and on each revaluation of an asset, the increase or decrease in value shall be applied to the relevant class or Classes of Shares;

e. In the case where any asset or liability of the Company cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular Class of Shares, such asset or liability shall be allocated to all the Classes of Shares pro rata to their respective Net Asset Values or in such other manner as determined by the Board of Directors acting in good faith, provided that (i) where assets, on behalf of several Sub-Funds are held in one account and/or are co-managed as a segregated pool of assets by an agent of the Board of Directors, the respective right of each Class of Shares shall correspond to the prorated portion resulting from the contribution of the relevant Class of Shares to the relevant account or pool, and (ii) the right shall vary in accordance with the contributions and withdrawals made for the account of the Class of Shares, as described in the sales documents for the Shares of the Company.

All valuation regulations and determinations shall be interpreted and made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In the absence of bad faith, gross negligence or manifest error, every decision in calculating the Net Asset Value taken by the Board of Directors or by any bank, company or other organization which the Board of Directors may appoint for the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value, shall be final and binding on the Company and present, past or future shareholders.

4. For the purpose of this article:

a. Shares to be redeemed are considered as issued and existing Shares until the closing of the relevant Valuation Date. The redemption price will be considered from the closing of the Valuation Date and until final payment as one of the Company's liabilities. Each Share to be issued by the Company will be considered as an issued Share from the closing of the relevant Valuation Date. Its price will be considered as owed to the Company until its final payment;

b. Shares to be issued by the Company shall be treated as being in issue as from the time specified by the Board of Directors on the Valuation Date on which such valuation is made and from such time and until received by the Company the

price therefore shall be deemed to be a debt due to the Company;

c. all investments, cash balances and other assets expressed in currencies other than the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund shall be valued after taking into account the market rate or rates of exchange in force at the date and time for determination of the Net Asset Value of shares; and

d. where on any Valuation Date, the Company has contracted to:

- purchase any asset, the value of the consideration to be paid for such asset shall be shown as a liability of the Company and the value of the asset to be acquired shall be shown as an asset of the Company;

- - sell any asset, the value of the consideration to be received for such asset shall be shown as an asset of the Company and the asset to be delivered shall not be included in the assets of the Company;

- provided however, that if the exact value or nature of such consideration or such asset is not known on such Valuation Date, then its value shall be estimated by the Company.

5. In as far as several share classes have been established, the following particularities arise for the share valuation:

a. The net asset value calculation is made separately for each Share Class according to the criteria mentioned here after.

b. The inflow of funds due to the issue of Shares increases the percentage portion of the respective Share Class on the total value of the respective Sub-Fund's net assets. The outflow of funds due to the redemption of Shares reduces the percentage portion of the respective Share Class on the total value of the respective Sub-Fund's net assets.

c. In the case of distribution, the net asset value of the Shares entitled for distribution of the appropriate Share Class is reduced by the amount of the distribution. Therefore, at the same time, the percentage portion of this Share Class is reduced in the total value of the respective Sub-Fund's net assets, while the percentage portion of Share Classes not entitled for distribution increases the total respective Sub-Fund's net assets.

Equalisation of income may be carried out for the respective Sub-Fund.

The Company may perform in the shareholders' interest an adjustment of the Net Asset Value as further determined under the prospectus of the Company from time to

time.

Art. 12. Frequency and temporary suspension of calculation of Net Asset Value per Share, of issue, redemption and conversion of Shares

With respect to each Class of Shares, the Net Asset Value per Share shall be calculated from time to time by the Company or any agent appointed thereto by the Company, at least twice a month at a frequency determined by the Board of Directors, - such date being referred to herein as the “**Valuation Date**”.

The Board of Directors is entitled to suspend the calculation of a respective Sub-Fund’s net asset value, if and for as long as there are circumstances which make this suspension necessary and if the suspension is justifiable, taking into account the interests of the shareholders, in particular:

1. during the time in which a stock exchange or another market, where a considerable part of a respective Sub-Fund’s assets is officially quoted or traded, is closed (except at the usual weekends or on bank holidays) or the trading on this stock exchange or corresponding market ceases or is limited;

2. where a major part of the securities and instruments in the Sub-Fund are not listed or otherwise not subject to orderly pricing entailing that the net asset value cannot be satisfactorily determined in a manner that safeguards the equal right of the shareholders;

3. in periods, where the political, economic, military, monetary or social circumstances or any case of force majeure, beyond the responsibility or power of the Board of Directors, make it impossible to dispose of a respective Sub-Fund’s assets by reasonable and normal means, without causing serious prejudice to its shareholders;

4. during the time in which the stock exchange or another market forming the basis of the valuation of a major part of the Sub-Fund’s assets is (are) closed for legal holidays;

5. in an emergency, when the Board of Directors may not dispose of a respective Sub-Fund’s investments or it is impossible for it to freely transfer the transaction value resulting from purchases and sales of investment.

Any such suspension shall be publicised, if appropriate, by the Company and may be notified to shareholders within a delay to be determined by the Company’s Board of Directors, having made an application for subscription, redemption or

conversion of shares for which the calculation of the Net Asset Value has been suspended.

Such suspension as to any Sub-Fund shall have no effect on the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share, the issue, redemption and conversion of Shares of any other Sub-Fund.

Any request for subscription, redemption or conversion shall be irrevocable except in the event of a suspension of the calculation of the Net Asset Value.

Title III - Administration and supervision

Art. 13. Directors

The Company shall be managed by a board of directors composed of not less than three (3) members, who need not be shareholders of the Company (the “**Board of Directors**”).

They shall be elected for a term not exceeding six (6) years. The directors shall be elected by the Shareholders at a general meeting of Shareholders; the latter shall further determine the number of directors, their remuneration and the term of their office.

Any director may be removed with or without cause or be replaced at any time by resolution adopted by the general meeting.

In the event of a vacancy in the office of director, the remaining directors may temporarily fill such vacancy; the Shareholders shall take a final decision regarding such nomination at their next general meeting.

Art. 14. Board Meetings

The Board of Directors may choose from among its members a chairman. It may choose a secretary, who need not be a director, who shall write and keep the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and of the shareholders. The Board of Directors shall meet upon call by the chairman or any two (2) directors, at the place indicated in the notice of meeting.

The chairman shall preside at the meetings of the directors and of the shareholders. In case no Chairman has been appointed or in his absence, the shareholders or the board members shall decide by a majority vote that another director, or in case of a shareholders' meeting, that any other person shall be allowed to chair such meetings.

The Board of Directors may appoint any officers, including a general manager

and any assistant general managers as well as any other officers that the Company deems necessary for the operation and management of the Company. Such appointments may be cancelled at any time by the Board of Directors. The officers need not be directors or shareholders of the Company. Unless otherwise stipulated by these Articles, the officers shall have the rights and duties conferred upon them by the Board of Directors.

Written notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given to all directors at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the date set for such meeting, except in circumstances of emergency, in which case the nature of such circumstances shall be set forth in the notice of meeting. This notice may be waived by consent in writing, by telefax or any other electronic means capable of evidencing the consent of each director. Separate notice shall not be required for meetings held at times and places fixed in a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors.

Any director may act at any meeting by appointing in writing, by telefax or any other electronic means capable of evidencing the consent of each director another director as his proxy. A director may represent several of his colleagues.

Any director may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors by conference call, video conference or similar means of communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participating in a meeting by such means shall constitute presence in person at such meeting. A meeting of the Board of Directors held by such means of communication will be deemed to be held in Luxembourg.

The directors may only act at duly convened meetings of the Board of Directors. The directors may not bind the Company by their individual signatures, except if specifically authorized thereto by resolution of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors can deliberate or act validly only if at least the majority of the directors, or any other number of directors that the Board of Directors may determine, are present or represented.

Resolutions of the Board of Directors will be recorded in minutes signed by the chairman of the meeting. Copies of extracts of such minutes to be produced in judicial proceedings or elsewhere will be validly signed by the chairman of the meeting or any two (2) directors.

Resolutions are taken by a majority vote of the directors present or represented

at such meeting. In the event that at any meeting the number of votes for or against a resolution is equal, the chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote.

Resolutions in writing approved and signed by all directors shall have the same effect as resolutions voted at the directors' meetings; each director shall approve such resolution in writing, by telefax or any other or any other electronic means capable of evidencing such director's consent. Such approval shall be confirmed in writing and all documents shall form the record that proves that such decision has been taken.

Art. 15. Powers of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is vested with the broadest powers to perform all acts of disposition and administration within the Company's purpose, in compliance with the investment policy as determined in article 19 hereof.

All powers not expressly reserved by law or by the present Articles to the general meeting of shareholders are in the competence of the Board of Directors.

Art. 16. Committees

The Board of Directors may create one or several committees. The composition and the powers of such committee(s), the terms of the appointment, removal, remuneration and duration of the mandate of its/their members, as well as its/their rules of procedure are determined by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall be in charge of the supervision of the activities of the committee(s).

Art. 17. Corporate signature

Vis-à-vis third parties, the Company is validly bound by the joint signatures of any two (2) directors or by the joint or single signature of any person(s) to whom authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

Art. 18. Delegation of power

The Board of Directors of the Company may delegate its powers to conduct the daily management and affairs of the Company (including the right to act as authorised signatory for the Company) and its powers to carry out acts in furtherance of the corporate policy and purpose to one or several physical persons or corporate entities, which need not be members of the Board of Directors, who shall have the powers determined by the Board of Directors and who may, if the Board of Directors so authorises, sub-delegate their powers.

The Board of Directors may also confer special powers of attorney by notarial or private proxy.

Art. 19. Investment policies and restrictions

The Board of Directors, based upon the principle of risk spreading, has the power to determine (i) the investment policies to be applied in respect of each Sub-Fund, (ii) the hedging strategy as well as other trading strategies to be applied to specific Classes of Shares within particular Sub-Funds and (iii) the course of conduct of the management and business affairs of the Company, all within the restrictions as shall be set forth by the Board of Directors in compliance with the prospectus of the Company and applicable laws and regulations.

As laid out in the Prospectus, the main objective of each Sub-Fund is to invest in transferable securities, money market instruments and other eligible assets (as such term is described in the Prospectus), with the purpose of spreading investment risks. The investment objectives of the Sub-Funds will be carried out in compliance with the investment restrictions set forth in the Prospectus.

The Board of the Company may decide to invest up to one hundred per cent (100%) of the total net assets of each Sub-Fund of the Company in different transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by any Member State of the European Union, its local authorities, a non-Member State of the European Union, as acceptable by the supervisory authority and disclosed in the prospectus of the Company, or public international bodies of which one or more of such Member States of the European Union are members, provided that in the case where the Company decides to make use of this provision it must hold securities from at least six (6) different issues and securities from any one issue may not account for more than thirty per cent (30%) of such Sub-Fund's total net assets.

In accordance with the conditions set forth in the Law of 2010, the applicable Luxembourg regulations and the prospectus of the Company, any Sub-Fund may, to the largest extent permitted, invest in one or more other Sub-Funds of the Company.

Furthermore, in accordance with the conditions set forth in the Law of 2010, the applicable Luxembourg regulations and the prospectus, the Board may, at any time it deems appropriate and to the largest extent permitted, (i) create any Sub-Fund qualifying either as a feeder Sub-Fund or as a master Sub-Fund, (ii) convert any existing Sub-Fund into a feeder Sub-Fund or a master Sub-Fund.

Art. 20. Conflict of interest

No contract or other transaction between the Company and any other company or firm shall be affected or invalidated by the fact that any one or more of the directors or officers of the Company is interested in, or is a director, associate, officer or employee of, such other company or firm. Any director or officer of the Company who serves as a director, officer or employee of any company or firm with which the Company shall contract or otherwise engage in business shall not, by reason of such affiliation with such other company or firm, be prevented from considering and voting or acting upon any matters with respect to such contract or other business.

In the event that any director or officer of the Company may have in any transaction of the Company a personal financial direct or indirect interest opposite to the interests of the Company, such director or officer shall make known to the Board of Directors such opposite interest and shall not consider or vote on any such transaction, and such transaction and such director's or officer's interest therein shall be reported to the next succeeding general meeting of shareholders.

The term "interest opposite to the interests of the Company", as used in the preceding sentence, shall not include any relationship with or without interest in any matter, position or transaction involving any person, company or entity as may from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion, provided that this personal interest is not considered as a conflicting interest according to applicable laws and regulations.

If, due to a conflict of interests, the quorum required according to these Articles in order for the Board of Directors to validly deliberate and vote on a particular item is not met, the Board of Directors may decide to refer the decision on such item to the general meeting of Shareholders.

Art. 21. Indemnification of Directors

The Company shall indemnify any director or officer and his heirs, executors and administrators, against expenses reasonably incurred by him in connection with any action, suit or proceeding to which he may be made a party by reason of his being or having been a director or officer of the Company or, at its request, of any other company of which the Company is a shareholder or a creditor and from which he is not entitled to be indemnified, except in relation to matters as to which he shall be finally adjudged in such action, suit or proceeding to be liable for gross negligence or

misconduct; in the event of a settlement, indemnification shall be provided only in connection with such matters covered by the settlement as to which the Company is advised by counsel that the person to be indemnified did not commit such a breach of duty. The foregoing right of indemnification shall not exclude other rights to which he may be entitled.

Art. 22. Auditors

The accounting data related in the annual report of the Company shall be examined by an approved statutory auditor (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*) appointed by the general meeting of shareholders and remunerated by the Company.

The approved statutory auditor shall fulfil all duties prescribed by the Law of 2010.

Title IV - General meetings - Accounting year - Distributions

Art. 23. General Meetings of Shareholders of the Company

The general meeting of shareholders of the Company shall represent the entire body of shareholders of the Company. The general meeting of shareholders is vested with the powers expressly reserved to it by the law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as may be amended from time to time (hereafter referred to as “**Luxembourg Company Law**”) or by these Articles. Its resolutions shall be binding upon all the shareholders regardless of the Class of Shares held by them. It shall have the broadest powers to order, carry out or ratify acts relating to the operations of the Company.

The general meeting of shareholders shall meet upon call by the Board of Directors.

It shall also be held within a period of one (1) month, where shareholders representing one-tenth (1/10) of the corporate capital request the general meeting by means of a written request with an indication of the agenda.

The annual general meeting shall be held within six (6) months of the end of the Company's financial year in accordance with Luxembourg Company Law, in Luxembourg at the registered office of the Company, or at such other place as may be specified in the convening notice of the meeting, at the date and time specified in such notice. The annual general meeting may be held outside of Luxembourg, if, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, exceptional circumstances so require.

Other meetings of shareholders may be held at such places and times as may be specified in the respective notices of meeting.

All meetings shall be convened in the manner provided for by Luxembourg Company Law.

Shareholders shall be convened to an upcoming shareholders' meeting by a notice setting forth the agenda, time and place of meeting to be sent by mail at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the date set for the relevant meeting to the address recorded in the Shareholders' Register, unless the Shareholder has agreed to receive convening notices to Shareholders' meetings by any other means of communication (including e-mail) as stipulated in Luxembourg Company Law. The agenda shall be prepared by the Board of Directors except in the instance where the meeting is called on the written demand of the shareholders in which instance the Board of Directors may prepare a supplementary agenda.

Shareholders representing at least ten percent (10%) of the Company's share capital may request the addition of one or several items to the agenda of any general meeting of shareholders. Such request must be addressed to the Company's registered office by registered mail at least five (5) calendar days before the date of the meeting.

If no publications are made, notices to shareholders may be mailed by registered mail only.

If all shareholders are present or represented and consider themselves as being duly convened and informed of the agenda, the general meeting may take place without notice of meeting.

The Board of Directors may determine all other conditions that must be fulfilled by shareholders in order to attend any meeting of shareholders.

The business transacted at any meeting of the shareholders shall be limited to the matters contained in the agenda (which shall include all matters required by law) and business incidental to such matters.

Each Share, regardless of its Class or Net Asset Value, is entitled to one vote, in compliance with Luxembourg law and these Articles. A shareholder may act at any meeting of shareholders by appointing another person, who need not be a shareholder and who may be a director of the Company, as his proxy, which appointment shall be in writing or a signed telefax or similar means of communication as the Board of Directors may decide.

An attendance list must be kept at all general meetings of shareholders.

Except as otherwise notified or provided herein or required by Luxembourg Company Law, resolutions at a meeting of shareholders duly convened will be passed by a simple majority of those present and voting. Abstention and nil votes shall not be taken into account.

Art. 24. General Meetings of Shareholders in a Sub-Fund or in a Class of Shares

For any matter relating exclusively to a specific Share Class, or Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, at its sole discretion, may convene a general meeting of shareholders of such Sub-Fund or Share Class. In such a case, the provisions of article 23, paragraphs 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 shall apply to such general meetings.

The shareholders of the Class or Classes issued in respect of any Sub-Fund may hold, at any time, general meetings to decide on any matters which relate exclusively to such Sub-Fund.

In addition, the shareholders of any Class of Shares may hold, at any time, general meetings for any matters which are specific to such Class.

Each Share is entitled to one vote in compliance with Luxembourg Company Law and these Articles. Shareholders may act either in person or by giving a written proxy to another person who needs not be a shareholder and may be a director of the Company.

Unless otherwise provided for by law or herein, the resolutions of the general meeting of shareholders of a Sub-Fund or of a Class of Shares are passed by a simple majority vote of the shareholders present or represented.

Art. 25. Mergers

For the purposes of this article, the term UCITS also refers to a sub-fund of a UCITS.

In the event that for any reason the value of the total net assets in any Sub-Fund or the value of the net assets of any Class of Shares within a Sub-Fund has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Board of Directors to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund, or such Class of Shares, to be operated in an economically efficient manner or in case of a substantial modification in the political, economic or monetary situation or as a matter of economic rationalisation, or if required in the interest of the Shareholders of any Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors may decide to merge the assets of any Sub-Fund or Class of Shares to those of another existing

Sub-Fund or Class of Shares within the Company or to another UCITS and to redesignate the Shares of the Class or Classes concerned as Shares of another Class (following a split or consolidation, if necessary, and the payment of the amount corresponding to any fractional entitlement to Shareholders).

Any merger between Sub-Funds, Classes of Shares or between a Sub-Fund or the Company and another UCITS and the effective date shall be decided by the Board of Directors except for any merger where the Company would cease to exist, in the latter case the effective date of the merger must be decided by a general meeting of Shareholders of the Company acting under the same majority and quorum requirements as are required to amend these Articles.

In the case required by the Law of 2010, the Company shall entrust either an authorised auditor or, as the case may be, an independent auditor to perform the necessary validations prescribed by the Law of 2010.

Practical terms of mergers will be performed and will have the effect in accordance with the Prospectus and Chapter 8 of the Law of 2010.

Information on the merger shall be made available to the investors of the merging and/or receiving UCITS on the website of the Management Company (as defined in article 29 hereof) and, as the case may be, in all other forms prescribed by laws or related regulations of the countries, where the relevant Shares are sold.

Art. 26. Termination of Sub-Funds or Classes of Shares

In the event that for any reason the value of the total net assets in any Sub-Fund or the value of the net assets of any Class of Shares within a Sub-Fund has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Board of Directors to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund, or such Class of Shares, to be operated in an economically efficient manner or in case of a substantial modification in the political, economic or monetary situation or as a matter of economic rationalisation, or if required in the interest of the Shareholders of any Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors may decide to redeem all the Shares of the relevant Class or Classes at the Net Asset Value per Share (taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) calculated on the Valuation Date at which such decision shall take effect, without the approval of the Shareholders being necessary. The relevant Shareholders will be informed of the decision to liquidate prior to the effective date of the liquidation, in a form permitted by laws and related regulations of the countries where the relevant

Shares are sold. Unless it is otherwise decided in the interests of, or to keep equal treatment between the Shareholders, the Shareholders of the Sub-Fund or of the Class of Shares concerned may continue to request redemption or conversion of their Shares free of charge (but taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) prior to the date effective for the compulsory redemption.

Notwithstanding the powers conferred to the Board of Directors by the preceding paragraph, the general meeting of Shareholders of any one or all Classes of Shares issued in any Sub-Fund, acting under the same majority and quorum requirements as are required to amend these Articles, will, in any other circumstances, have the power, upon proposal from the Board of Directors, to redeem all the Shares of the relevant Class or Classes and refund to the Shareholders the Net Asset Value of their Shares (taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) calculated on the Valuation Date at which such decision shall take effect.

The closure of the liquidation of a Sub-Fund and the deposit of any unclaimed amounts with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg must take place within a period of time established by laws and/or regulations. The liquidation proceeds deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg will be available to the persons entitled thereto for the period established by law. At the end of such period unclaimed amounts will revert to the Luxembourg State.

Under the same circumstances as described above, the Board of Directors may also decide upon the reorganisation of any Sub-Fund by means of a division into two (2) or more separate Sub-Funds. Such decision will be notified in the same manner as described above and, in addition, the notification will contain information in relation to the two (2) or more separate Sub-Funds resulting from the reorganisation. Such notification will be made at least one (1) month before the date on which the reorganisation becomes effective in order to enable Shareholders to request redemption or switch of their Shares, free of charge, before the reorganisation becomes effective.

Art. 27. Accounting Year

The accounting year of the Company shall commence on first (1st) of January of each year and shall terminate on thirty-first (31st) of December of the same year.

Art. 28. Distributions

The general meeting of shareholders of the Class or Classes issued in respect of

any Sub-Fund shall, upon proposal from the Board of Directors and within the limits provided by law, determine how the results of such Sub-Fund shall be disposed of, and may from time to time declare, or authorise the Board of Directors to declare, distributions.

For any Class of Shares entitled to distributions, the Board of Directors may decide to pay interim dividends in compliance with the conditions set forth by law.

Payments of distributions to Shareholders shall be made to such Shareholders at their addresses in the Shareholders' Register.

Distributions may be paid in such currency and at such time and place that the Board of Directors shall determine from time to time.

The Board of Directors may decide to distribute stock dividends in lieu of cash dividends upon such terms and conditions as may be set forth by the Board of Directors.

Any distribution that has not been claimed within five (5) years of its declaration shall be forfeited and revert to the class or Classes of Shares issued in respect of the relevant Sub-Fund.

No interest shall be paid on a dividend declared by the Company and kept by it at the disposal of its beneficiary.

Title V - Final provisions

Art. 29. Depositary

To the extent required by law, the Company shall enter into a depositary agreement with a banking or saving institution as defined by the law of 5 April 1993 on the financial sector, as amended (herein referred to as the "**Depositary**"). The Depositary shall fulfil the duties and responsibilities as provided for by the Law of 2010. If the Depositary desires to retire, the Board of Directors shall use its best endeavours to find a successor depositary within two (2) months of the effectiveness of such retirement. The directors may terminate the appointment of the Depositary but shall not remove the Depositary unless and until a successor depositary shall have been appointed to act in the place thereof.

Art. 30. Dissolution of the Company

The Company may at any time be dissolved by a resolution of the general meeting of Shareholders subject to the quorum and majority requirements required for the amendment of these Articles and referred to in article 32 hereof.

Whenever the share capital falls below two-thirds (2/3) of the minimum capital indicated in article 5 hereof, the question of the dissolution of the Company shall be referred to the general meeting by the Board of Directors. The general meeting, for which no quorum shall be required, shall decide by simple majority of the votes of the Shares represented at the meeting.

The question of the dissolution of the Company shall further be referred to the general meeting whenever the share capital falls below one-fourth (1/4) of the minimum capital set by article 5 hereof; in such an event, the general meeting shall be held without any quorum requirements and the dissolution may be decided by Shareholders holding one-fourth (1/4) of the votes of the shares represented at the meeting.

The meeting must be convened so that it is held within a period of forty (40) days from ascertainment that the net assets of the Company have fallen below two-thirds (2/3) or one-fourth (1/4) of the legal minimum, as the case may be.

Art. 31. Liquidation

Liquidation shall be carried out by one (1) or several liquidators, who may be physical persons or legal entities, appointed by the general meeting of Shareholders which shall determine their powers and their compensation.

The closure of the liquidation of the Company and the deposit of any unclaimed amounts with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg must take place within a period of time established by laws and/or regulations. The liquidation proceeds deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg will be available to the persons entitled thereto for the period established by law. At the end of such period unclaimed amounts will revert to the Luxembourg State.

Art. 32. Amendments to the Articles

These Articles may be amended by a general meeting of Shareholders subject to the quorum and majority requirements provided by the Luxembourg Company Law.

Art. 33. Applicable law

All matters not governed by these Articles shall be determined in accordance with the Luxembourg Company Law and the Law of 2010 as such laws have been or may be amended from time to time.

For the company,

Me Cosita DELVAUX, Notary



